

PAVIA  
29 MARCH - 4 APRIL  
2005

WAS EINSTEIN

100% RIGHT?

Thibault Damour

IHES

# GENERAL RELATIVITY

CV1

- 4-DIMENSIONAL MANIFOLD :  $x^\mu$  ;  $\mu=0,1,2,3$
- GRAVITATION = GEOMETRY :  $ds^2 = g_{\mu\nu}(x^\lambda) dx^\mu dx^\nu$
- $S_{TOT} = \frac{c^4}{16\pi G} \int \frac{d^4x}{c} \sqrt{g} [R(g) - 2\Lambda] + \text{COSMOLOGICAL CONSTANT}$   
 $+ S_{MATTER}[\phi, A, H; \underbrace{g_{\mu\nu}; \alpha_a, m_a, \dots}_{\text{EQUIVALENCE PRINCIPLE}}]$

$$R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} R g_{\mu\nu} + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu} = \frac{8\pi G}{c^4} T_{\mu\nu}$$

## EXPERIMENTAL CONFIRMATIONS

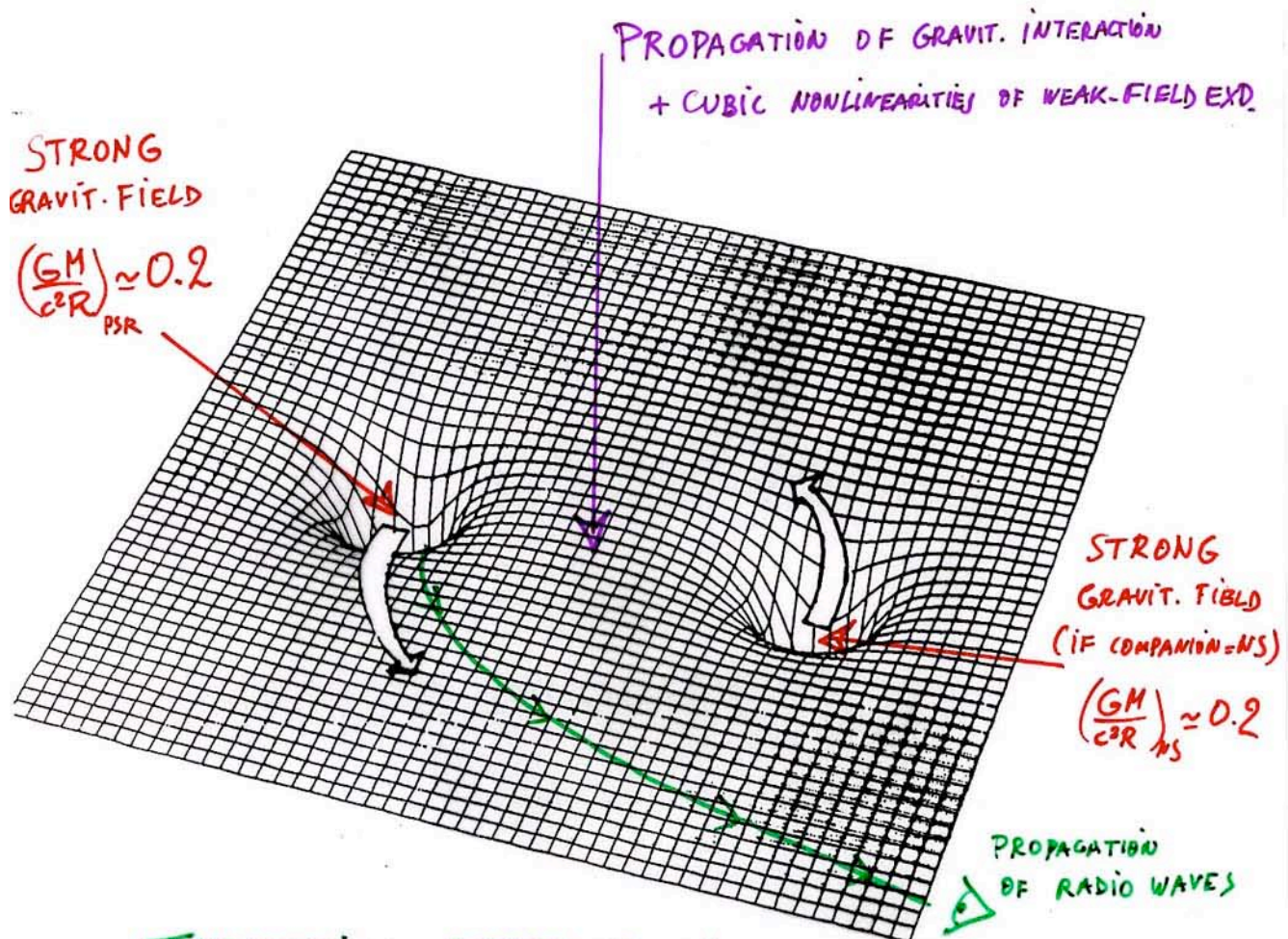
- EQUIVALENCE PRINCIPLE TESTS  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left( \frac{\Delta a}{a} \right)_{\text{Be Cu}} = (-1.9 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-12} \\ \left| \frac{\alpha_{\text{Oklo}} - \alpha_{\text{Now}}}{\alpha} \right| \leq 10^{-7} \end{array} \right.$

- SOLAR SYSTEM TESTS  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{CASINI} \\ \text{LUNAR LASER RANGING} \end{array} \right. \gamma - 1 = (2.1 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-5}$   
 $4(\beta - 1) - (\gamma - 1) = -0.0007 \pm 0.0010$

- BINARY PULSAR TESTS  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{PSR 1913+16} \\ \text{PSR 1534+12} \\ \text{PSR 1141-6545} \\ \text{PSR 0737-3039} \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} 4 \text{ INDEPENDENT CONFIRMATIONS} \\ \text{OF REALITY OF GRAV. RADIATION} \\ \sim 10^{-3} \\ 2+1+3 = 6 \text{ CONFIRMATIONS} \\ \text{OF G.R. STRONG-FIELD REGIME} \\ \sim 10^{-2} \end{array}$   
 $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{PSR J0407+1607} \\ \text{PSR J2016+1947} \end{array} \right\} \geq 2 \text{ SEP TESTS} \sim 10^{-3}$

# BINARY PULSARS: FIRST POSSIBILITY OF PROBING THE FULL STRUCTURE OF RELATIVISTIC GRAVITY

- RADIATIVE EFFECTS [ FIELD PROPAGATION ]
- HIGHLY NON-LINEAR EFFECTS [ STRONG FIELDS ]



## THEORETICAL ASPECTS OF BINARY PULSARS:

- ① MOTION OF TWO STRONGLY SELF-GRAVITATING BODIES  
(T.D. & DERUELLE '81, T.D. '82, '83)
- ② RELATIVISTIC TIMING OF A BINARY PULSAR  
(BLANDFORD, TEUKOLSKY '76, T.D. & DERUELLE '85, '86)
- ③ USE OF BINARY PULSARS AS PROBES OF RELATIVISTIC GRAVITY  
(EARDLEY '75, WILL, EARDLEY '77, T.D. '88, T.D. & TAYLOR '92)

$(V/c)^5$  EQUATIONS OF MOTION IN GENERAL RELATIVITY 66

accelerations. Then each body must satisfy the following equation of motion (Damour and Deruelle, 1981a; Damour, 1982):

$$a^i = A_0^i(\tilde{z} - \tilde{z}') + c^{-2} A_2^i(\tilde{z} - \tilde{z}', \tilde{v}, \tilde{v}') + c^{-4} A_4^i(\tilde{z} - \tilde{z}', \tilde{v}, \tilde{v}', \tilde{S}, \tilde{S}') + c^{-5} A_5^i(\tilde{z} - \tilde{z}', \tilde{v} - \tilde{v}') + O(c^{-6}), \quad (154)$$

with

$$A_0^i = -Gm'R^{-2}N^i, \quad (155)$$

$$A_2^i = Gm'R^{-2}\{N^i[-v^2 - 2v'^2 + 4(vv') + \frac{3}{2}(Nv')^2 + 5(Gm/R) + 4(Gm'/R)] + (v^i - v'^i)[4(Nv) - 3(Nv')]\}, \quad (156)$$

$$A_4^i = B_4^i + C_4^i + D_4^i, \quad (157)$$

$$B_4^i = Gm'R^{-2}\{N^i[-2v'^4 + 4v'^2(vv') - 2(vv')^2 + \frac{3}{2}v^2(Nv')^2 + \frac{9}{2}v'^2(Nv')^2 - 6(vv')(Nv')^2 - \frac{1}{8}(Nv')^4 + (Gm/R)(-\frac{1}{4}v^2 + \frac{5}{4}v'^2 - \frac{5}{2}(vv') + \frac{39}{2}(Nv)^2 - 39(Nv)(Nv') + \frac{1}{2}(Nv')^2) + (Gm'/R)(4v'^2 - 8(vv') + 2(Nv)^2 - 4(Nv)(Nv') - 6(Nv')^2)] + (v^i - v'^i)[v^2(Nv') + 4v'^2(Nv) - 5v'^2(Nv') - 4(vv')(Nv) + 4(vv')(Nv') - 6(Nv)(Nv')^2 + \frac{9}{2}(Nv')^3 + (Gm/R)(-\frac{6}{4}(Nv) + \frac{5}{4}(Nv')) + (Gm'/R)(-2(Nv) - 2(Nv'))]\}, \quad (158)$$

$$C_4^i = G^3 m' R^{-4} N^i [-\frac{5}{4}m^2 - 9m'^2 - \frac{69}{2}mm'], \quad (159)$$

$$D_4^i = \left(\frac{S^{ik}}{m} + 2\frac{S'^{ik}}{m'}\right)(v^i - v'^i)\left(\frac{Gm'}{R}\right)_{,kl} + \left(2\frac{S^{kl}}{m} + 2\frac{S'^{kl}}{m'}\right)(v^i - v'^i)\left(\frac{Gm}{R}\right)_{,ik}, \quad (160)$$

and

$$A_5^i = \frac{4}{3}G^2 mm' R^{-3}\{V^i[-V^2 + 2(Gm/R) - 8(Gm'/R)] + N^i(NV)[3V^2 - 6(Gm/R) + \frac{5}{3}(Gm'/R)]\}. \quad (161)$$

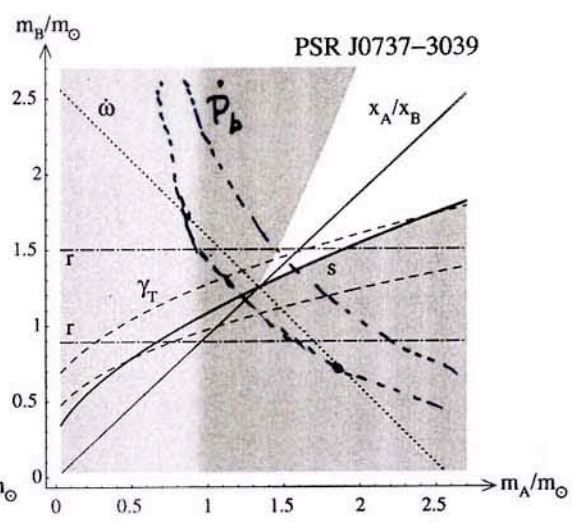
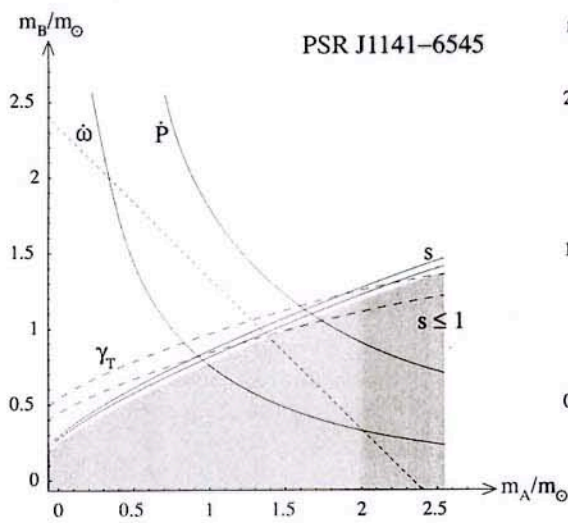
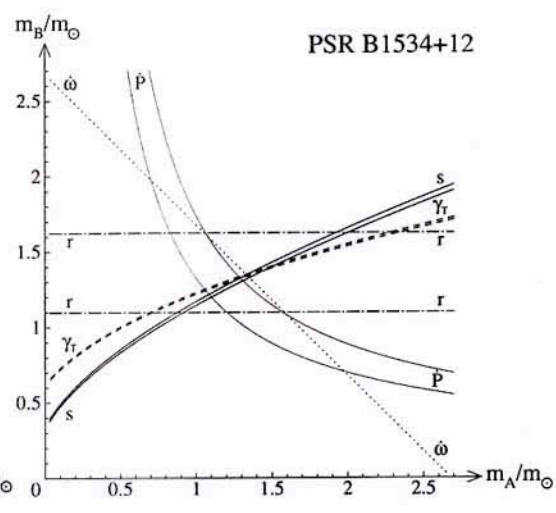
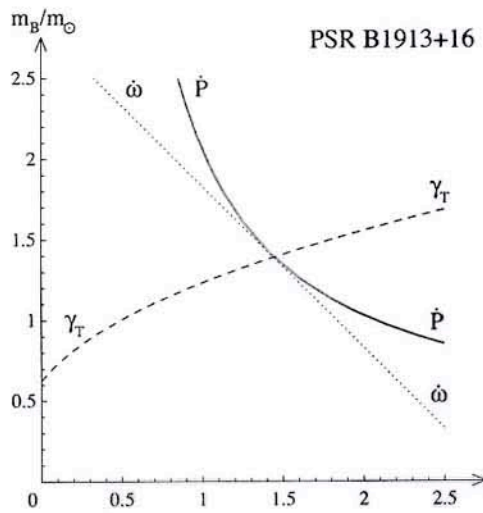
The two parameters  $m$  and  $m'$  appearing in eqs. (154)–(161) are the ‘Schwarzschild masses’ of the condensed bodies. They are two constants which appear in the external gravitational field, in which are hidden many internal structure effects (see the discussion of the ‘effacement of internal structure’ in Section 6.14). On the other hand, the spin tensors undergo a slow evolution (on the post-Newtonian time scale, i.e.  $\beta_c^{-2}$  times the orbital period) which is also obtained in the Einstein–Infeld–Hoffmann–Kerr-type approach (Damour, 1982, and references therein). Introducing, *à la* Schiff, a suitable spin-vector,  $\tilde{S}$ , associated with  $S_{\mu\nu}$ , the law of evolution (‘spin precession’) reads for the first body (see also references in Section 6.13.2)

$$\frac{d\tilde{S}}{dt} = \left[\frac{Gm'}{c^2 R^2} \tilde{N} \times \left(\frac{3}{2} \tilde{v} - 2\tilde{v}'\right)\right] \times \tilde{S} + O\left(\frac{1}{c^4}\right). \quad (162)$$

“DRESSED MASSES” IN INCORPORATING STRONG-SELF-FIELD EFFECTS

GRAVITATIONAL RADIATION DAMPING

↑  
DIRECT EFFECT OF PROPAGATION OF GRAVITY AT SPEED C



# FIRST APPROACH TO THEORY-DEPENDENT ANALYSIS <sup>T8</sup>

IDEA: GENERALIZE PARAMETRIZED POST NEWTONIAN FRAMEWORK  
(Eddington '24, Schiff '60, Baierlein '67, Nordtvedt '68, Will '71)

SOLAR SYSTEM  $\Rightarrow$  WEAK FIELD  $\frac{GM}{c^2 r} \ll 10^{-6} \ll 1$

MAIN FIRST-ORDER CORRECTIONS  
PARAMETRIZED BY

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{\gamma} &= \gamma^{PPN} - 1 && : \text{LIGHT DEFLEXION} \\ \bar{\beta} &= \beta^{PPN} - 1 && : \text{PERIASTRON PRECESSION} \end{aligned}$$

? GENERALIZATION OF  $\bar{\beta}$  AND  $\bar{\gamma}$  TO SECOND-ORDER CORRECTIONS  $\propto \left(\frac{GM}{c^2 r}\right)^2$ ?

SEEK INSPIRATION FROM SIMPLEST CLASS OF THEORIES: TENSOR-SCALAR

SECOND-ORDER (2PN)  
CORRECTIONS PARAMETRIZED  
BY ONLY TWO PARAMETERS

(Damour, Esposito-Farese '96)

E.G.

EFFECTIVE GRAVITATIONAL  
COUPLING BETWEEN

A and B

$$\begin{aligned} \epsilon \\ \zeta \end{aligned}$$

$g_{\mu\nu}, \varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots$

$\sim \beta^3 \alpha^3$

$\sim \alpha \beta \alpha$

1PN (Nordtvedt '68)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{G_{AB}}{G} &= 1 + (4\bar{\beta} - \bar{\gamma}) \left( \frac{E_A^{grav}}{m_A c^2} + \frac{E_B^{grav}}{m_B c^2} \right) \\ &+ 4\zeta \left( \frac{E_A^{grav}}{m_A c^2} \right) \left( \frac{E_B^{grav}}{m_B c^2} \right) + \left( \frac{\epsilon}{2} + \zeta \right) \frac{\langle U^2 \rangle_A + \langle U^2 \rangle_B}{c^4} + \dots \end{aligned}$$

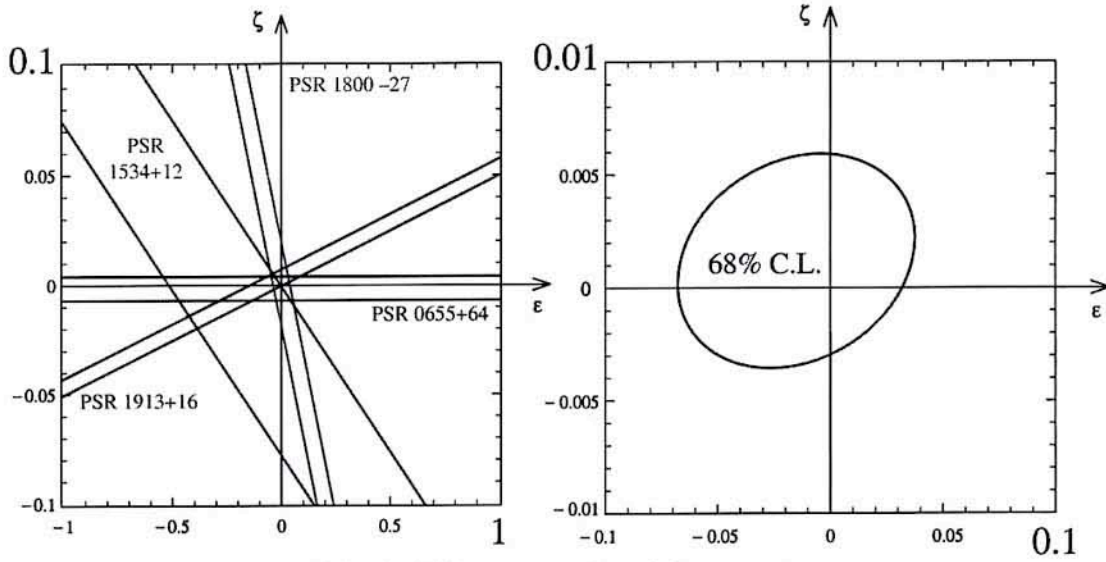
2PN  
(Damour, Esposito-Farese '96)

• 2PN TERMS,  $\propto \epsilon, \zeta$ , ARE TOO SMALL TO BE MEASURABLE IN SOLAR SYSTEM  
[THEY DO NOT ENTER LIGHT DEFLECTION!]

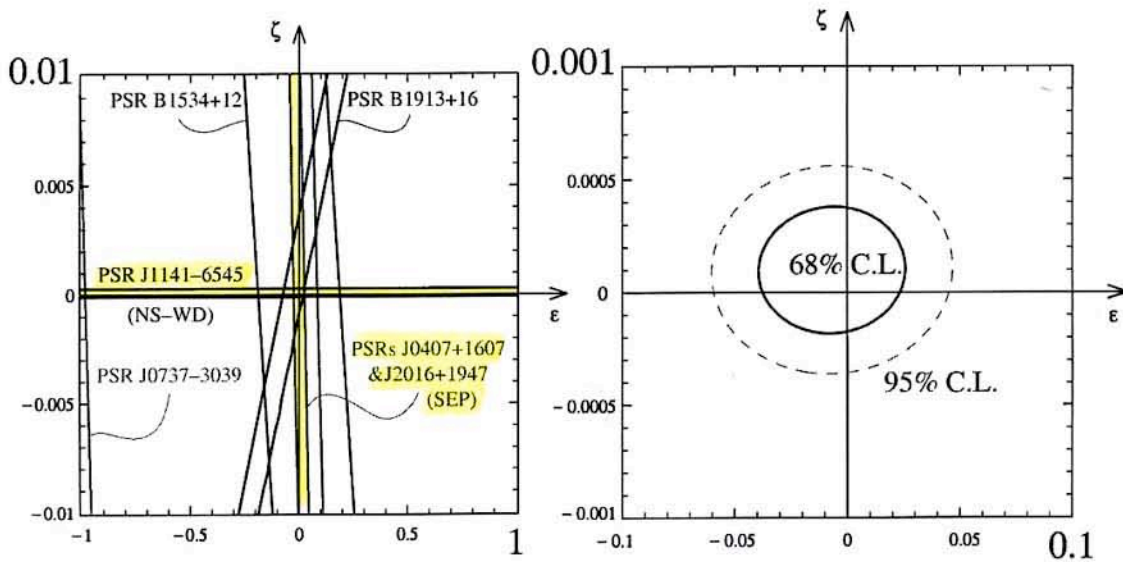
• BINARY PULSARS:  $\frac{E_A^{grav}}{m_A c^2} \approx 0.15 \Rightarrow$  ANALYZE DATA AS CONSTRAINTS ON  $\epsilon, \zeta$

Binary pulsar constraints on the 2PN parameters

$$\epsilon \left( \infty \begin{array}{c} \circ \\ / \quad \backslash \\ \circ \quad \circ \\ \backslash \quad / \\ \circ \end{array} \right) \text{ and } \zeta \left( \infty \begin{array}{c} \circ \\ / \quad \backslash \\ \circ \quad \circ \\ \backslash \quad / \\ \circ \end{array} \right)$$



[Damour & Esposito-Farèse, PRD 53 (1996) 5541]



situation in 2004 [T.D. & G.E-F, in preparation]

$\Rightarrow 2\times$  tighter constraints on  $\epsilon$  ;  $15\times$  tighter constraints on  $\zeta$

$$-4 \times 10^{-2} < \epsilon < 3 \times 10^{-2} \quad -2 \times 10^{-4} < \zeta < +4 \times 10^{-4}$$

# BEYOND GENERAL RELATIVITY

CV2

- WHY A CLASSICAL MANIFOLD  $x^\mu$ ?  $[x^\mu, x^\nu] \neq 0$ ?
- WHY A DYNAMICAL GEOMETRY?  $\eta_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow g_{\mu\nu}(x)$ ?
- WHY A LOCALLY MINKOWSKIAN GEOMETRY:  $dx \rightarrow 0$ :  $\eta_{\mu\nu}$ ?
- WHY  $D = 4$ ? KALUZA-KLEIN  $\sim 1920$   $D=5 \Rightarrow \left. \begin{matrix} 855, 95p \\ 8m\nu \end{matrix} \right\}$
- WHY EQUIVALENCE PRINCIPLE, i.e. WHY ONLY  $g_{\mu\nu}(x)$  AS GRAVIT. FIELD?
- WHY  $\Lambda_{\text{EFF}} \approx 0$ ?  $\rho_{\text{VAC}} = \frac{c\Lambda}{8\pi G} \sim 10^{-120} M_P^4 \sim 10^{-60} M_W^4 \sim (10^{-3} \text{eV})^4$

EFFECTS OF  $\hbar \neq 0$

PLANCK 1900  $\hbar \rightarrow l_P \equiv \sqrt{\frac{\hbar G}{c^3}} \approx 1.6 \times 10^{-33} \text{ cm}$

$$\langle 2 | T_{\mu\nu}^{\text{MATTER}} | 2 \rangle = -g_{\mu\nu} \left\{ \sum_a \int_0^{\omega_c} \frac{\hbar}{2} \sqrt{m_a^2 + k^2} \frac{d^3k}{(2\pi)^3} \right\} + T_{\mu\nu}^{\text{EXCITATIONS}}$$

$\rho_{\text{VAC}} \sim c_4 \omega_c^4 + c_2 m^2 \omega_c^2 + c_0 m^4 + c_{-2} \frac{m^6}{M_P^2} + \dots$

HEISENBERG 1930:  $G = \frac{\hbar}{M_P^2} = \frac{1}{\hbar \omega_P^2}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{A_{\text{ONE-LOOP}}}{A_{\text{TREE}}} \sim \hbar G \int \frac{d^4k}{k^2} \sim \hbar G \omega_c^2 \sim \frac{\omega_c^2}{\omega_P^2}$$

WHY  $\exists$  DIFFERENT TYPES OF INTERACTIONS?

- ELECTROMAGNETIC WEAK INT. STRONG INT. GAUGE THEORIES
- GRAVITY  $A_\mu^a$
- $g_{\mu\nu}$



WHY  $\exists$  SEVERAL HIERARCHIES

- COSMOLOGICAL  $L_0 = ct_0 \sim 10^{28} \text{ cm} \gg \gg$  ANY  $L_{\text{PARTICLE}}$
- PARTICLE  $M_{\text{EW}} \sim 250 \text{ GeV} \ll \ll M_{\text{G/AUGE UNIF}} \sim 10^{16} \text{ GeV}$  OR  $M_P \sim 10^{19} \text{ GeV}$
- COSMOL. CONSTANT  $\rho_{\text{VAC}}^{\text{THY}} \sim \omega_c^4 + m^2 \omega_c^2 + m^4 + \dots \gg \gg \rho_{\text{VAC}}^{\text{OBS}} \sim (10^{-3} \text{eV})^4$

# STRING THEORY


- ONLY CONCRETE PHYSICAL FRAMEWORK TO DISCUSS QUANTUM U.G.R.

- STARTING POINT:

$X^\mu(\tau)$  →  OR  $X^\mu(\tau, \sigma)$  

QUANTUM MECHANICS:  $\hbar$   
 SPECIAL RELATIVITY:  $c, \eta_{\mu\nu}$

$$\frac{S_{\text{STRING}}}{\hbar} = -\frac{1}{2\pi \alpha_s} \iint d^2A$$

 + ...

$\sqrt{(\dot{X}^\mu)^2 - (\dot{X}^\mu)^2 (\dot{X}^\nu)^2}$

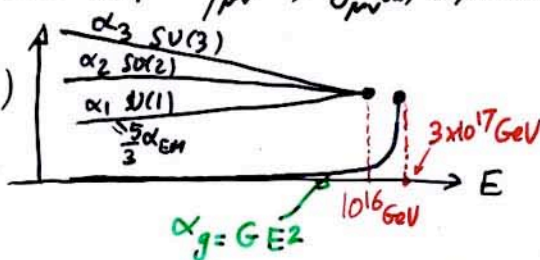
FUNDAMENTAL LENGTH:  $\alpha_s$

- FINAL THEORY STILL UNDER CONSTRUCTION BUT VERY RICH STRUCTURE, AND MANY DEEP BUILDING BLOCKS UNDERSTOOD

- $D=10$  (OR  $11$ ) ⇒ INCLUDES KALUZA-KLEIN  $g_{MN}$ 
  - $g_{ab}$  SCALARS
  - $g_{a\mu}$  VECTORS
  - $g_{\mu\nu}$  TENSOR

- - $\{ \rightarrow A_\mu(x) \text{ GAUGE INTERACTIONS}$
    - $\{ \rightarrow h_{\mu\nu}(x) = g_{\mu\nu}(x) - \eta_{\mu\nu} \text{ EINSTEIN'S GRAVITY}$
- UNIFIES GAUGE THEORIES WITH GRAVITY
- "EXPLAINS WHY"  $\eta_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow g_{\mu\nu}(x) \text{ DYNAMICAL}$


- UNIFIES ALL INTERACTIONS (?)

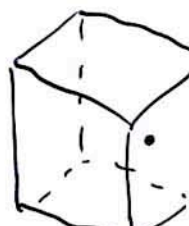


- STRINGS → "M-BRANES"


$m=0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$

$\int X^\mu(\tau, \sigma)$   
 $m=1$   
 STRING

  
 $X^\mu(\tau, \sigma_1, \sigma_2)$   
 $m=2$   
 membrane

  
 $X^\mu(\tau, \sigma_1, \sigma_2, \sigma_3)$   
 $m=3$   
 3-brane  
 LINE OR (3+1)-WORLD

- MORE GRAVITATIONAL-STRENGTH FIELDS

 →  $g_{\mu\nu}(x) + \Phi(x) + B_{[\mu\nu]}(x) + \dots$

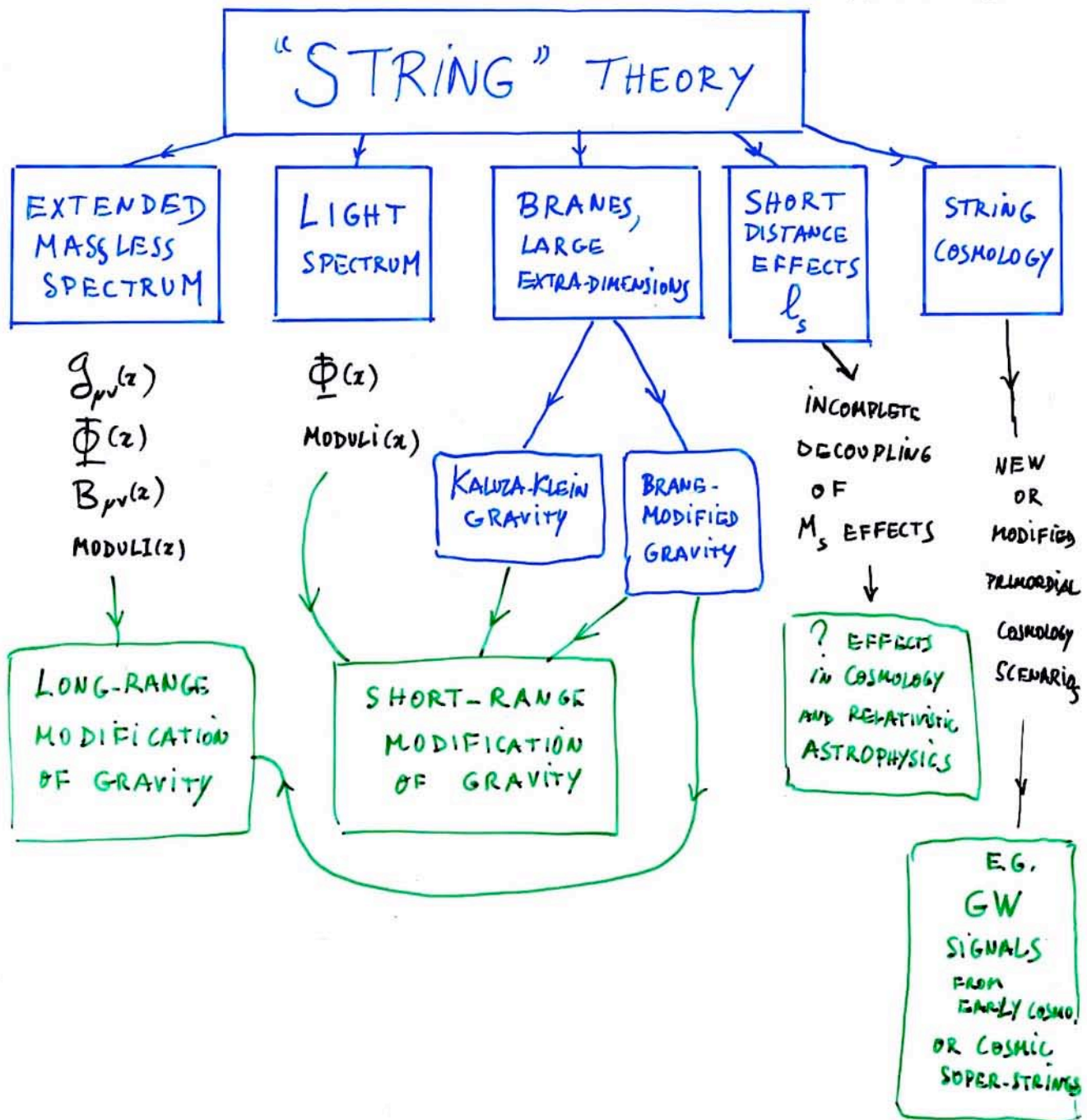
DILATON

CRUCIAL RÔLE  $g_s = e^{\Phi}$

LINKED TO "TORSION" AND IN CERTAIN LIMIT TO NON-COMMUTATIVITY OF SPACE  
 $[x^\mu, x^\nu] = \theta^{\mu\nu}(\Phi, B)$

# STRING-INSPIRED PHENOMENOLOGY CV4

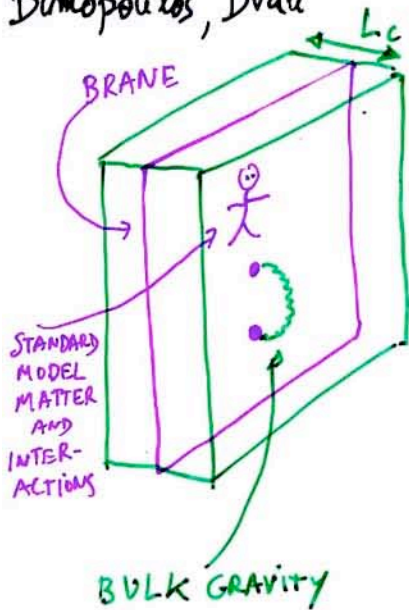
- NO CLEAR UNDERSTANDING OF HOW TO FIT OUR WORLD WITHIN STRING THEORY
- ⇒ DISCUSS PHENOMENOLOGICAL POSSIBILITIES; OPEN NEW EXPERIMENTAL OPPORTUNITIES



# BRANES AND GRAVITY

CV6

"LARGE" BUT COMPACT  
EXTRA-DIMENSIONS  
Antoniadis, Arkani-Hamed,  
Dimopoulos, Dvali



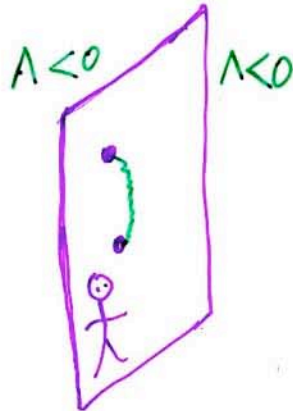
HIGHER-DIMENSIONAL  
GRAVITY WHEN

$$r < L_c$$

AND (if  $l_s \sim \text{TeV}$ )  
INTERESTING OBSERVABLE  
EFFECTS IN LHC

INFINITE EXTRA-DIMENSIONS  
BUT "MISMATCHED" GRAVITY

Randall, Sundrum



GRAVITY  $\approx$   
SURFACE WAVE

MODIFICATION OF  
GRAVITY WHEN

$$r \lesssim \text{BULK CURVATURE RADIUS} \equiv \frac{r}{c}$$

Dvali,  
Gabadadze,  
Porrati



GRAVITY  $\approx$   
SURFACE  $\oplus$  BULK  
PROPAGATION

MODIFICATION OF  
GRAVITY WHEN

$$r \gtrsim L \equiv \frac{G_5}{G_4}$$

AND SMALL  
MODIFICATIONS  
FOR  $r < L$

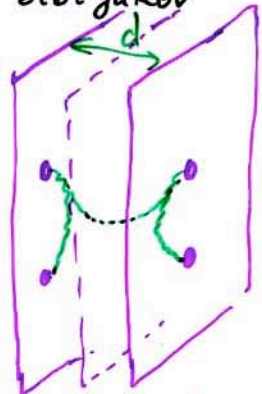
Dvali, Gruzinov, Zaldarriaga

$$U' = \frac{GM}{r} \left[ 1 - \frac{1}{L} \sqrt{\frac{r^3 c^2}{GM}} \right]$$

EFFECTS IN SOLAR-SYSTEM,  
LUNAR RANGING...

MULTI-BRANES

Kogan, Mouslopoulas,  
Papazoglou, Rass,  
Santiago;  
Gregory Rubakov,  
Sibiryakov



TUNNELLING  
(EVANESCENT WAVES)  
BETWEEN SEVERAL  
GRAVITON WAVES

MULTI-GRAVITY

MODIFICATION OF  
GRAVITY BOTH  
WHEN

$$r \lesssim r_c$$

AND

$$r \gtrsim r_c e^{d/r_c}$$

BUT PROBLEMS  
WITH  
"PAULI-FIERZ"  
TYPE  
MASSIVE GRAVITY

# DILATON, MODULI, ... AND VIOLATIONS OF THE EQUIVALENCE PRINCIPLE

EQUIVALENCE PRINCIPLE :  $S = \int d^4x \frac{\sqrt{g} R(g)}{16\pi G} + S_{\text{MATTER}} [\psi, A, H; g_{\mu\nu}, \alpha_a, m_a]$

ONLY ONE LONG-RANGE FIELD WITH GRAVIT-STRENGTH COUPLING TO MATTER

ALL COUPLING CONSTANTS ARE THE SAME AS IN SPECIAL RELAT.

? WHY  $\alpha = \frac{e^2}{4\pi} \approx \frac{1}{137}$ ? WHY  $\mu = \frac{m_e}{m_p} \approx \frac{1}{1836}$ ?

STANDARD MODEL OF PARTICLE PHYSICS:  $\exists \sim 20$  ARBITRARY PARAMETERS

IN STRING THEORY,  $\exists$  NO DIMENSIONLESS PARAMETERS  
 $\exists$  ONLY A DIMENSIONFULL PARAMETER:  $l_s$

ALL DIMENSIONLESS PARAMETERS MUST ARISE AS VACUUM EXPECTATION VALUES OF SOME FIELDS

EG. IN  $D=10$ , STRING THY CONTAINS A STRING COUPLING CONSTANT  $g_s$

WHOSE VALUE:

$$g_s = \exp \langle \Phi(x) \rangle$$

DILATON = PARTNER OF GRAVITON

IN  $D=4$ , THERE APPEAR OTHER FIELDS DETERMINING THE VALUES OF THE 4-DIM "CONSTANTS": MODULI FIELDS,

DETERMINING THE VOLUME AND SHAPE OF COMPACTIFIED DIMENSIONS

AND

$$\alpha = F_\alpha(g_s, \text{MODULI}, \dots)$$

$$G = l_s^2 F_G(g_s, \text{MODULI}, \dots)$$

.....

INTUITIVE MEANING OF  $g_{\mu\nu}(x) + \Phi(x) + \dots$

	GEOMETRY	COUPLING CONSTANTS
NEWTON	RIGID	RIGID
EINSTEIN	SOFT	RIGID
STRING THEORY	SOFT	SOFT

} EINSTEIN EQUIVALENCE PRINCIPLE  
 } VIOLATION OF THE EQUIVALENCE PRINCIPLE

$$g \sim g \sim g \sim G$$

geometry    gravitation    gauge coupling constant    gravitational coupling constant

$$g_{\mu\nu}(x) \sim g^2(x) \sim G(x)$$

BUT THEN ONE WOULD EXPECT:

- NON-UNIVERSALITY OF FREE FALL  $\frac{\Delta a}{a} \sim 10^{-5}$
- COSMOLOGICAL VARIATION OF COUPLING CONSTANTS  $\frac{\dot{\alpha}}{\alpha} \sim \frac{\dot{\mu}}{\mu} \sim H_0 \sim 10^{-10} \text{ yr}^{-1}$
- MODIFICATION OF POST-NEWTONIAN GRAVITY  $\gamma - 1 \sim \mathcal{O}(1)$

# CONSISTENCY OF DILATON+MODULI $\Phi(x)$ WITH PRESENT EXPERIMENTAL DATA ?

①  $m_\Phi \neq 0, V(\Phi) \neq 0$  IN LOW-ENERGY WORLD  $\Rightarrow$  ONLY SHORT-RANGE EFFECTS  $\propto \frac{e^{-m_\Phi r}}{r}$

RECENT EXPERIMENTS  $\Rightarrow \lambda_\Phi = \frac{1}{m_\Phi} \leq 0.1 \text{ mm} \Rightarrow m_\Phi \geq 10^{-3} \text{ eV}$   
 Hoyle...2001  
 Chiaverini...2003  
 Long...2003

THE VALUE OF  $m_\Phi$  IS MODEL-DEPENDENT. SOME MODELS NEED TO FIX  $\Phi$  EARLY ON (BEFORE INFLATION)  $\Rightarrow m_\Phi \sim M_5 \gg H_{INF}$

IN SOME MODELS  $m_\Phi$  IS LINKED TO SUSY BREAKING:  $V(\Phi) \sim M_{SUSY}^4 \mathcal{V}(\frac{\Phi}{M_P})$   
 $\Rightarrow m_\Phi \sim \frac{M_{SUSY}^2}{M_P} \sim \frac{(1 \text{ TeV})^2}{2.4 \times 10^{18} \text{ GeV}} \sim 10^{-3} \text{ eV}$   
 Taylor, Veneziano '88  
 Ferrara et al '94  
 Antoniadis et al '97

$\Rightarrow$  POSSIBLE MODIFICATIONS OF CAVENDIŠH EXPERIMENTS JUST BELOW 0.1 mm CURRENT DATA

②  $m_\Phi = 0, V(\Phi) \approx 0$ ; BUT  $\exists$  NON-TRIVIAL COUPLING FUNCTIONS  $B_i(\Phi)$

$\mathcal{L}_{EFF} = B_R(\Phi) R(g) + B_\Phi(\Phi) (\nabla\Phi)^2 + B_F(\Phi) F_{\mu\nu}^2 + \dots$   $\downarrow$   $V_{EFF}(\Phi)$  THROUGH PRESENCE OF MATTER  
 Damour, Nordtvedt; Damour, Polyakov

IF  $\exists \Phi_m$ ;  $\partial B_i(\Phi_m) / \partial \Phi_m = 0$

$\exists$  MECHANISM OF NATURAL COSMOLOGICAL ATTRACTION:  $\Phi \rightarrow \Phi_m$  AND  $\Phi$  NEARLY DECOUPLES FROM MATTER WHEN  $\Phi \approx \Phi_m$

$\Rightarrow$  NATURALLY SUPPRESSED MODIFICATIONS OF LONG-RANGE GRAVITY

③ BOTH A QUINTESSENCE-LIKE  $V(\Phi) \neq 0$  AND COUPLING TO MATTER  $B(\Phi)$

$\Rightarrow m_\Phi$  DEPENDS ON SURROUNDING MATTER DENSITY, SO THAT  $\Phi$  IS SHORT-RANGED IN EARTH-BOUND EXPTS Khoury, Weltman, Brax, ...

INVERSE-SQUARE LAW TESTS

(Adelberger, Heckel, Nelson 103)

$$V(r) = -\frac{G m_1 m_2}{r} \left[ 1 + \alpha e^{-\frac{r}{\lambda}} \right]$$

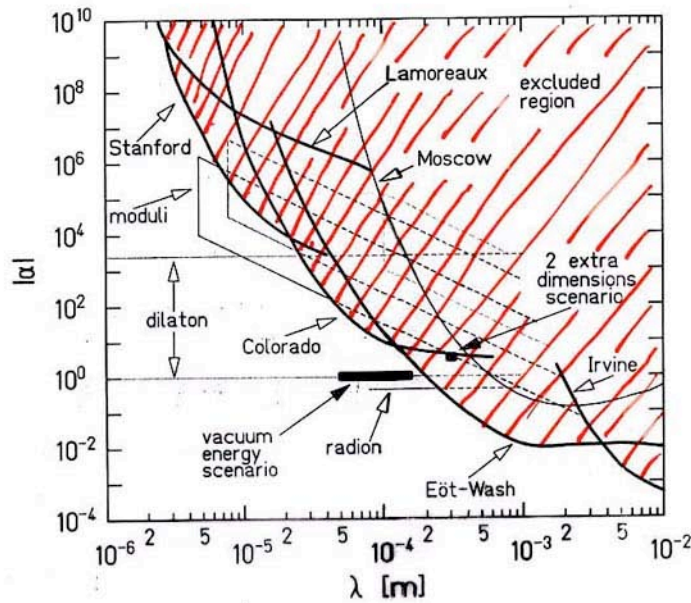


Figure 5: 95%-confidence-level constraints on ISL-violating Yukawa interactions with  $1 \mu\text{m} < \lambda < 1 \text{ cm}$ . The heavy curves give experimental upper limits (the Lamoreaux constraint was computed in Reference (151)). Theoretical expectations for extra dimensions (56), moduli (101), dilaton (102), and radion (83) are shown as well.

# DILATON RUN-AWAY SCENARIO

CV10

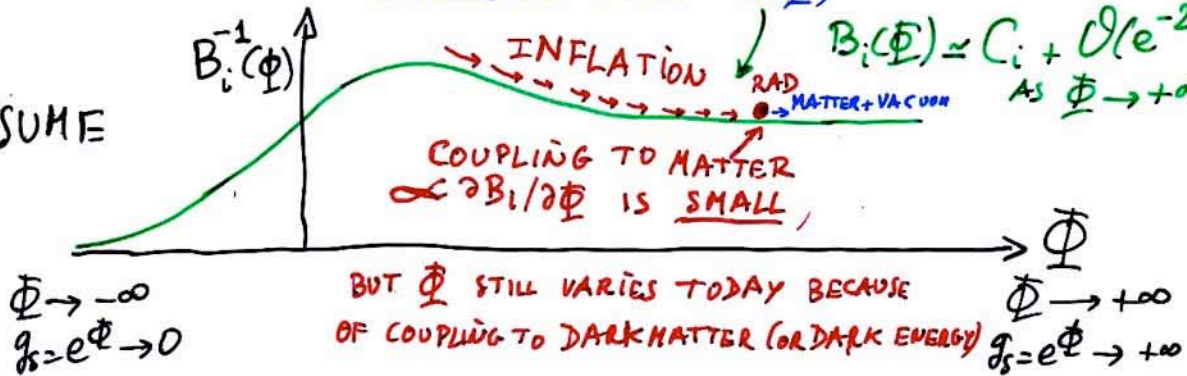
(Damour, Piazza, Veneziano)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFF}} = B_R(\Phi) R(g) + B_\Phi(\Phi) (\partial\Phi)^2 + B_F(\Phi) F_{\mu\nu}^2 + \dots$$

DILATON COUPLING FUNCTIONS  $B_i(\Phi)$

$$B_i(\Phi) = C_i + \mathcal{O}(e^{-2\Phi}) \quad \text{As } \Phi \rightarrow +\infty$$

ASSUME



## OBSERVATIONAL CONSEQUENCES TODAY

ASSUME INFLATIONARY POTENTIAL:  $V(\chi) = \lambda(\Phi) \chi^n$  WITH  $n=2$

WEAK  
EQUVALENCE  
PRINCIPLE  
VIOLATION

$$\frac{\Delta a}{a} \sim 5 \times 10^{-4} \left(\frac{b_F}{b_{\lambda C}}\right)^2 \left(\frac{\delta \rho}{\rho}\right)^2 \sim \left(\frac{b_F}{b_{\lambda C}}\right)^2 \times 10^{-12}$$

DENSITY FLUCTUATIONS  
DIMENSIONLESS PARAMETERS (FROM INFLATION):  $\frac{\delta \rho}{\rho} \sim 5 \times 10^{-5}$

VARIATION  
OF CONSTANTS

$$\alpha_{\text{EM}} = \frac{e^2}{\hbar c}, \dots$$

$$\frac{d \ln \alpha_{\text{EM}}}{dt} \sim \pm 10^{-16} \sqrt{1 + q_0 - \frac{3\Omega_m}{2}} \sqrt{10^{12} \frac{\Delta a}{a}} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

COUPLING TO DARK MATTER  
OR DARK ENERGY

$$\frac{\Omega_m \alpha_m + 4 \Omega_v \alpha_v}{\Omega_m + 2 \Omega_v}$$

COUPLING TO  
ORDINARY MATTER

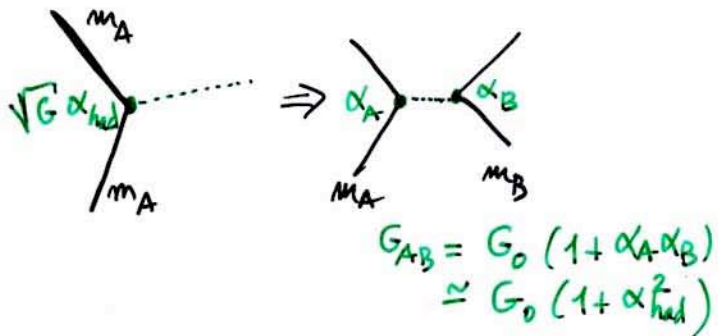
$\propto \text{had}$

# CORRELATED EFFECTS LINKED TO EQUIV. PRINCIPLE VIOLATIONS

CV11

IF  $\exists$  ULTRA-LIGHT "DILATON-LIKE", OR "MODULI-LIKE" FIELD  $\phi$

COUPLED TO HADRONIC (GLUONIC) MATTER WITH STRENGTH  $\alpha_{had}$

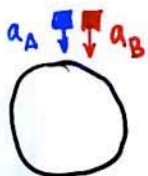


POST-NEWTONIAN EFFECTS  $\gamma-1, \beta-1$   
 WEAK EQUIV. PRINCIPLE VIOLATIONS  $\frac{\Delta a}{a}$   
 VARIATION OF CONSTANTS  $\dot{\alpha}/\alpha, \dot{N}/N$   
 DIFFERENTIAL VARIATION OF CLOCK RATES  $\frac{\partial \ln \alpha}{\partial \nu}, \dots$

ARE ALL PROPORTIONAL TO  $\alpha_{had}^2$

EG:  $\gamma-1 = -2 \frac{\alpha_{had}^2}{1 + \alpha_{had}^2} \approx -2 \alpha_{had}^2$

$\beta-1 \approx \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial \alpha_{had}}{\partial \phi} \alpha_{had}^2$



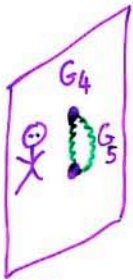
$\left(\frac{\Delta a}{a}\right)_{AB} \approx 2 \times 10^{-5} \alpha_{had}^2 \left[ \Delta \left(\frac{E}{M}\right)_{AB} + c_B \Delta \left(\frac{B}{M}\right)_{AB} + c_D \Delta \left(\frac{D}{M}\right)_{AB} \right]$

$E = \frac{Z(Z-1)}{(N+Z)^{1/3}}$        $B = N+Z$   
 $D = N-Z$

RESTRICTED DEPENDENCE ON A AND B

$\Rightarrow$  PRESENT  $\frac{\Delta a}{a} \lesssim 10^{-12}$  ALREADY CORRESPOND TO  $|\gamma-1| \sim \alpha_{had}^2 \sim 10^{-7}$

# SOME POSSIBLE LONG-RANGE MODIFICATIONS OF GRAVITY <sup>CV12</sup>



- BRANE-INDUCED + BULK GRAVITY (Dvali, Gabadadze, Porrati)

$$L = \frac{G_5}{G_4}$$

- NO VIOLATION OF EQUIVALENCE PRINCIPLE
  - IF  $L \sim ct_0 \sim \text{HUBBLE}^{-1}$ , MIGHT EXPLAIN THE "ACCELERATION OF EXPANSION"
  - SMALL FRACTIONAL DEVIATIONS  $\sim \frac{1}{L} \sqrt{\frac{r^3 c^2}{GM}}$  FROM EINSTEIN ON ORDINARY SCALES
- ? BEST TESTABLE IN LUNAR RANGING ?

- TENSOR-SCALAR GRAVITY,  $g_{\mu\nu} \oplus \Phi$ , WITH BOTH  $V(\Phi)$  AND  $g_{\mu\nu}^A = B_{\mu\nu}^A(\Phi) g_{\mu\nu}$  (Khoury, Weltman)
- CAN INCORPORATE EP VIOLATION
- POSSIBLY SIGNIFICANT MODIFICATIONS OF GRAVITY IN SPACE VS EARTH-BOUND

- TENSOR  $g_{\mu\nu}$  + OTHER FIELDS: EG.  $B_{(\mu\nu)}$  (Einstein, T.D., Deser, McCarthy, Moffat)
- NECESSARILY INCORPORATES EP VIOLATION
- CONTAINS MASSIVE VECTOR INTERACTIONS

# FUTURE EXPERIMENTS ON GRAVITY

- GRAVITY PROBE B

ERES

- EXPLORING SUB-MICRON DEVIATIONS FROM NEWTON'S LAW

- OLD AND NEW BINARY PULSARS

MORE

$$\gamma - 1 \sim 2.5 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\beta - 1 \sim 5 \times 10^{-6}$$

- IMPROVED SOLAR-SYSTEM TESTS

GAIA

ESA  
GLOBAL  
ASTRONOMY  
4-10 years

$$\gamma - 1 \sim 10^{-7}$$

LATOR

$$\gamma - 1 \sim 10^{-8}$$

- GRAVITATIONAL WAVES

LIGO/VIRGO/GEO  
LISA

COALESCENCE OF BINARY BLACK HOLES

COALESCENCE OF BINARY NEUTRON STARS

GW BURSTS FROM CUSPS ON MASSIVE STRINGS

- IMPROVED (SATELLITE) TESTS OF THE EQUIVALENCE PRINCIPLE

MICROSCOPE (2007)

ONERA/CNES

$$\frac{\Delta a}{a} \sim 10^{-15}$$

STEP

STAMPFORD/NASA/ESA/CNES

$$\frac{\Delta a}{a} \sim 10^{-18}$$

- IMPROVED CMB MEASUREMENTS

PLANCK

A-26

# MICROSCOPE (CNES) STEP (NASA/ESA/CNES)

## SATELLITE TESTS OF THE EQUIVALENCE PRINCIPLE

24

The STEP scientific model payload

ESA/NASA/CNES

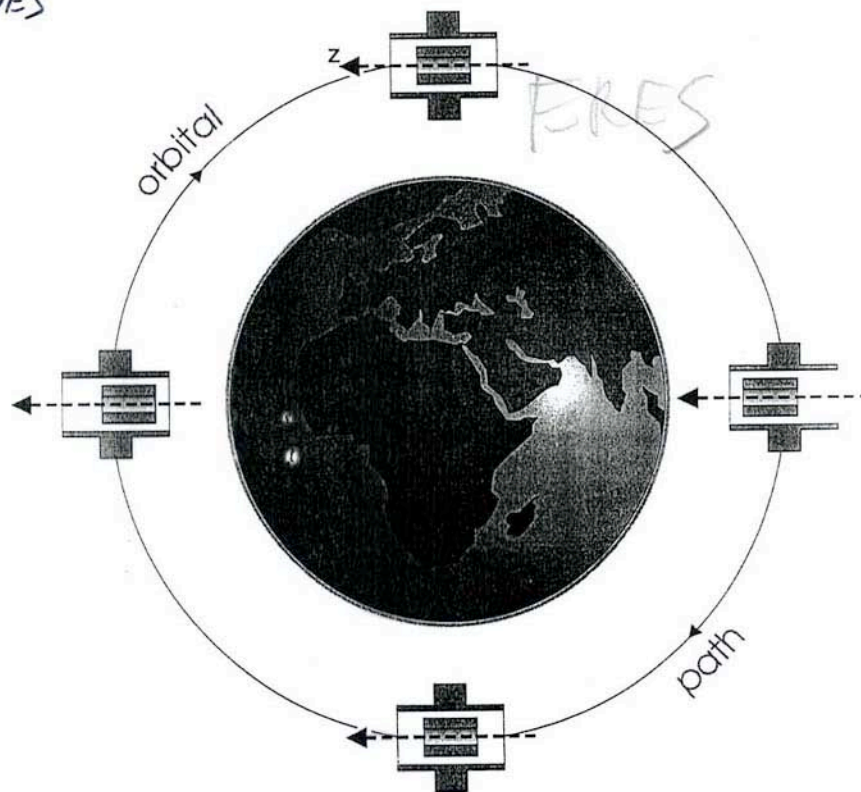


Fig. 3.2: Equivalence principle violation: The Figure shows the relative motion of free masses where the ratio of inertial mass to gravitational mass depends on the composition of the masses. These test masses are constrained by linear magnetic bearings and sensing circuits. Here, the Equivalence Principle violation signal appears at the orbital frequency. In the normal mode of operation the spacecraft would be spun about an axis perpendicular to the orbital plane at a non-integral multiple of the orbital frequency, shifting the EP signal frequency to the spin-frequency  $\mp$  the orbital frequency (depending on the spin sense).

CONSTRAINTS ON  $\alpha_0^2 \equiv \alpha_{\text{hadron}}^2$  FROM PRESENT AND FUTURE EXPERIMENTS [LONG-RANGE DEVIATIONS]

COMPOSITION-INDEPENDENT

LIGO/VIRGO

PRESENT SOLAR SYSTEM EXPTS  
BINARY PULSAR EXPTS

PRESENT VLBI TESTS  $\Delta\theta_{\odot}$

CASSINI  
GPB

MORE  
PARSEC ASTROMETRY  
POINTS

GAIA

TIME DELAY FROM LASER LINKS  
TO HELIOCENTRIC CLOCKS

SORT

LATOR

COMPOSITION-DEPENDENT

NEWTON

$\alpha_{\text{had}}^2$

OKLO

\* USING  
 $(\frac{B}{\gamma})_{\text{EFFECTIVE}} \sim 10^{17}$

GROUND CLOCK (DIFFERENTIAL)\*

GEOCENTRIC CLOCK (DIFFERENTIAL)\*

PRESENT EP EXPTS

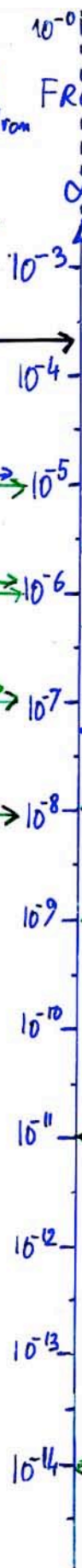
WEBB ET AL.  $(\Delta\alpha/\alpha)_{z \sim 1} \sim 10^{-5}$

SPACETIME

ULTIMATE  
HELIOCENTRIC CLOCK (DIFFERENTIAL)\*

PSCOPE

STEP



# CONCLUSIONS

## THE NEW GRAVITY FRONTIER

- UP TO THE END OF THE 1980's, ONE CONSIDERED ONLY FEW, NATURAL MODIFICATIONS OF EINSTEIN'S GRAVITY (JORDAN-FIERZ-BRANS-DICKE), [OR QUITE ARTIFICIAL, UNMOTIVATED ALTERNATIVE THEORIES]
- RECENTLY, A BETTER UNDERSTANDING OF THE RICH STRUCTURE OF STRING THEORY (DILATON, ..., BRANES, ..., LARGE DIMENSIONS, ..., WARPED COMPACTIFICATIONS...) HAS MOTIVATED THE CONSIDERATION OF MANY NEW TYPES OF MODIFICATIONS OF GR
  - SHORT-RANGE MODIFICATIONS :  $< 0.1 \text{ mm}$
  - LONG-RANGE MODIFICATIONS
- IN ADDITION, RECENT OBSERVATIONAL DISCOVERIES SUGGEST THAT OUR CURRENT THEORETICAL GRAVITY FRAMEWORK MIGHT BE INCOMPLETE OVER LONG DISTANCES / TIMES :
  - "DARK MATTER" IN GALAXIES, HALOS OF GAL. AND LSS
  - "ACCELERATED EXPANSION", AND "DARK ENERGY"
- ? + PIONEER 10, 11 "ANOMALOUS" ACCELERATION  
 $a \approx 9 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm/s}^2 \approx c H_0$ , BUT CANNOT BE UNIVERSAL (? EP)  
~~NO~~ NO CONVINCING THEORETICAL MODEL
- ? + SOME CLAIMS OF VARIATION OF CONSTANTS (Webb...; Petitjean...)
- ~~NO~~ NO HARD PREDICTIONS OR WELL-DEFINED TARGETS, BUT ONLY CONSEQUENCES OF GENERAL STRUCTURES : EG. IN STRING THEORY ALL COUPLING CONSTANTS ARE FIELDS  $\Rightarrow$  EXPECT SOME EQUIVALENCE PRINCIPLE VIOLATION AT SOME LEVEL.
- BUT,  $\exists$  "EXISTENCE PROOFS" (MODELS) THAT NEW INTERACTIONS COULD MODIFY EINSTEIN/NEWTON GRAVITY JUST BELOW CURRENT TESTS.

EG RUN-AWAY DILATON  $\Rightarrow$  CORRELATED EFFECTS

$$\frac{\delta \rho}{\rho} \sim 5 \times 10^{-5} ; \frac{\Delta a}{a} \lesssim 10^{-12} ; \gamma - 1 \sim 10^{-7} ; \frac{\dot{\alpha}_{EM}}{\alpha_{EM}} \sim 10^{-16} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$